ants. Some of them find their way illegally into the United State from time to time, but not now in any considerable num-

## MINOR MATTERS.

Conclusions on Baking Powder Reached by Government Chemists-Enormous Profits. WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.-The baking powder investigation, which has been conducted under direction of the chemists of the Department of Agriculture, has been completed and results compiled in a bulletin. The analysis of a large number of samples of various baking powders, and the conclusions derived therefrom, the report says, are not such as to create any general alarm lest the American people should suffer injury to health from the use of baking powders. The investigations show that even with the best of tartrate powders the residue remaining in one loaf of bread procured with it was of the same character of seidlitz powder, and in quantity exceeding that of an ordinary seidlitz powder by over 50 per cent. The report gives some interesting facts as to the baking powder industries, and says that the American people pay at least \$25,000,000 a year for baking powder, while the cost of it to the manufacturers is less than a third of that amount.

Mexican Delegates to the Congress. Washington, Aug. 80.-Information has been received at the Department of State that the government of Mexico has appointed Senor Matias Romero, the Mexican minister at Washington, a delegate to the International American Congress, to be held in this city in October, and that two other delegates are to be appointed at the earliest practicable moment. It is supposed that one of them will be Dr. Navarro, the Mexican consul-general, and the other will be a distinguished Mexican statesman now in Europe.

The State Department has been informed that the government of Honduras has appointed Senor Jeromino Zelaya as delegate to the International American Congress, and that he will reach New York Sept. 24. The government of Ecuador has appointed ex-President Jose Maria Camaano as delej

Indiana Pensions. Pensions have been granted to the follow-

ing-named Indianians: Frederick N. Schrum, P. Du Come, Jacob C. Tinkel, Samuel Dunbar, C. Hamke, Edwin R. Lewis, John Hoff, James Banks, Richard I. Dowell, James M. Ridge.

Increase—John L. May, Samuel Davis, Adolph A. Ruth, Mordegia H. Dicks, Casper W. Land. Reissue-Lewis G. Smith. Original Widows, etc.—Susan J. Sellers, former widow of William T. Bright; Catherine, widow of James O'Shea; minors of Elijah W. Clinger.

## Chinese Iron.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- United States Minister Denby, at Pekin, China, has transmitted to the Department of State a copy of an imperial decree commenting on the late proposal of the Viceroy of Canton to develop the iron industry in the Two Kuang. He has abolished the inland duties on iron and the prohibition against its export, and generally seems to favor the more extended use of foreign methods in building railroads and foundries.

Hollis Gets the Kirksland Postoffice. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The Postmastergeneral has at last settled the question as to who is to be postmaster at Kirksland, Clinton county, and to-day appointed Frank Hollis to that position. Hollis was a soldier in the Twenty-sixth Indiana, and has an enviable record. The appointment will give very general satisfaction, it is be-

Pardoned by the President.

DEER PARK, Aug. 30.—The President pardoned two men to-day, David H. Stansell, imprisoned for violation of the revenue laws in South Carolina, and Jarrett Citcher, sentenced in the District of Columbia for rape, to thirty years in the penitentiary. He was dying of consumption at the Buffalo

A Check for \$15,000,000. WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Acting Secretary Batcheller to-day signed his name to a check for \$15,000,000. It was drawn in favor of the sub-treasurer at New York, to meet

### General Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

the recent heavy bond purchases.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- William L. Chamberlin, of Indiana, a clerk in the Pension Office, was to-day promoted from a \$1,000 to a \$1,200 clerkship.

The War Department has taken cognizance of the expose of the treatment of recruits at Jefferson barracks and will order an inquiry.
Frank P. Clark was appointed collector

at El Paso, Tex. The President had a talk to-day with Mr. G. C. Sturgis, district attorney of West Virginia, and John W. Bove, city clerk of El Paso, Tex.

# BAD BUSINESS.

Why the West Union Bank Failed-Grimes's Losing Speculations in Wheat and Oil. CINCINNATI, Aug. 30.-It is now ascertained that the total liabilities of Smith Grimes, the West Union banker, who recently failed, will reach \$131,000, and that the assets are \$78,335, leaving nearly \$53,000 to represent the losses through speculation in wheat and oil. Captain Shinon, who was said by Grimes to be the leading man in the speculating syndicate which caused the bank's ruin, denies most emphatically that he had any part in the matter during

in oil, in which the bank's money was used Lewis Bros. & Co.'s Statement.

the past two years; but he says that as far

back as 1885 there were speculations made

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.-C. N. Bliss, the assignee of Lewis Bros. & Co., to-day makes the following statement of the firm's affairs: Assets-Merchandise, \$140,276; bills receivable, net, \$709,779; cash, \$10,821; stocks, bonds and other securities, \$1,070,-749; less loans secured by same, \$812,000; real estate equities, \$192,429; sundry items, \$17.027; total. \$1,329,079. Liabilities-General, \$1,818,481; contingent liabilities, \$ 341,305; probable additional absolute liabilities arising out of contingent, \$425,000;

total, \$2,243,481. Hotchkiss, Field & Co.'s Failure.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.-Charles H. Field, surviving partner of the firm of Guy C. Hotchkiss, Field & Co., of which the late Maurice B. Flynn was a member, and who assigned last month, filed schedules of the liabilities of the firm to-day. The liabilities are \$360,586.45; nominal assets, \$389,-444.86, and actual assets \$42,300.79.

Officers of the Legion of Honor. CHICAGO, Aug. 30.-After hours of debate, the delegates to the convention of the American Legion of Honor to-day voted to reinstate Massachusetts in the Grand Council of the order. The following is the roster of officers elected this morning: Supreme commander. Enoch S. Brown, of New York; supreme vice-commander, F. H. Robinson, New Orleans; supreme orator, J. Foster Bush, M. D., Boston; past supreme commander, Michael Nisbet. Philadelphia; supreme secretary, Adam Warnock, New York; supreme treasurer, J. W. Gwinnell, Newark; supreme chaplain, C. C. Bitting, D. D., Baltimore; supreme guide, C. E Meyer, Philadelphia; supreme warden, T. J. Newman, Illinois; supreme sentry, Nathan C. Jacobi, North Carolina; medical examiner-in-chief, J. P. McFarland, of Tennessee; supreme trustees, B. B. Seaman, New York; M. F. Hudnall, Virginia; G. F. Hodges, Tennessee. Finance committee, J. W. Kendrick, jr. Pennsylvania; W. A. Frick, Wisconsin; F. A. Benson. Committee on laws, L. J. Storey, Texas; O. T. Rogers, Georg a; F. H. Thomas, Missouri. Committee on appeals and grievances, F. F. Christine, Pennsylvania; W. C. Flint. Colorado; J. A. Sloan, Missouri. Committee on state of the order, Charles T. Litchman, Massachussetts; Wm. Davenport, Massachussetts; R. T. Kerr, Arkansas. General counsel, J. F. Fort, Newark, N. J.

Broke the Record.

New York, Aug. 30 .- The new Hamburg-American steamer Columbia to-day con-

## INDIANA ANDILLINOIS NEWS

Shelby County's Defaulting Treasurer Transfers His Property to a Trustee.

The Shortage May Reach \$20,000-Court-House Corner-Stone Laid-Mangled by a Train-Neck Broken by a Kick from a Cow.

## INDIANA.

Defaulter Posse Turns Over His Property -The Shortage May Be Increased. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Aug. 30.-The bondsmen of County Treasurer Posse, the defaulting Democratic officer, to-day held a meeting, at which Posse transferred to John Elliott, as trustee, all his property, valued at \$7,500, to be applied on the defalcation. Robert Wiles has charge of the Treasurer's office, and will run it until Sept. 13, when the new treasurer, Jacob Thomas, takes charge. On Monday the Commissioners will appoint experts to go over the books of Treasurer Posse and ascertain the exact amount of the shorters. the shortage. Some of the bondsmen think it will be beyond \$13,000, and may reach

Teachers' Institute.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LIBERTY, Aug. 30 .- The Union County Teachers' Institute closed to-day, after a most interesting session. The attendance was large. The special instructors present were Prof. A. B. Johnson, superintendent schools, Avondale, O., and Prof. J. A. Zeller, principal High-school, Lafayette, Ind. The evening lectures were largely attended. Monday evening Professor Zeller gave an interesting lecture on "Philosophy, the Old and the New," and Tuesday evening Professor Johnson discoursed on "Sand." The lecture Wednesday evening was by E. D. Warfield, president Miami University. Lastnight Prof. J. W. Short, superintendent Liberty public schools, related the story of "Vicksburg, from Opening Gun to Flag of Truce." Mr. Short's lecture was chiefly a recital of his personal experience in that recital of his personal experience in that memorable siege, and was full of interest. County Superintendent C. W. Osborne is highly gratified at the success of the insti-

ANDERSON, Aug. 30.-The Madison County Teachers' Institute closed its session this afternoon. The attendance of teachers has been excellent, and interest has been maintained in the proceedings throughout. Prof. Bryan, of the State University, won golden opinions as an instructor, and a resolution was unanimously adopted by the institute requesting his employment for next year. Dr. Jordan could not be present to lecture on Wednesday evening as previously an on Wednesday evening, as previously announced, but he has been with the institute to-day, and this afternoon delivered his celebrated lecture, "Ascent of the Matter-It requires 165 teachers to fill the public

PERU, Aug. 30.-The Miami county teachers' institute closed to-day a highly successful and interesting meeting, the average attendance being nearly two hundred daily. The officers elected for the year were: Chairman, N E. Reese; vice-chairman, Mattie Smith; secretaries, Carrie Zurn and May Servoss; treasurer, J. Burkholder. Lectures during the course were had by Hon. Will Cumback on "the Model Husband" and Prof. Thos. C. Trueblood, of Michigan State University, on "Hamlet." Professor Mace, of DePauw, was instructor.

Court-House Corner-Stone Laid.

schools of this county.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLUFFTON, Aug. 30.-The corner-stone of the new court-house was laid here yesterday in the presence of about fifteen thousand people. The ceremonies were conducted according to the ritual of the Masons, the following officers officiating: J. J. Todd, D. G. M., of the Grand Lodge, acting as special deputy; J. W. Templar, Muncie, D. G. M.; E. J. Church, LaPorte, S. G. W.; H. F. Drover, Huntington, J. G. W.; Isaac Underwood, Pennville, G. T.; Jere Worth, G. S.; Rev. W. H. Xanders, G. C.; Wm. North, Portland, G. S.; R. S. Peterson, Decatur, G. M.; John Branstetter, Pennville, S. G. D.; M. W. Newman, Ossian, J. G. D., and Wm. Stine, Ossian, G. T. Knight Templar commanderies from Ft, Wayne and Muncie were present, each with a band, and Masonic orders from Huntington, Decatur, Warren, Pennville, Markle, Ossian and Zanesville. K. of P. orders from Muncie, Hartford City, Marion, Montpelier, Ft. Wayne and Decatur were also present. Many valuable and precious articles were placed in the corner-stone

#### Tried to Cut Their Way Out of Jail. Special to the Indianapolis Journat

NEW CASTLE, Aug. 30 .- A timely discovery by Sheriff Macy, to-day, prevented a wholesale delivery of prisoners from the county jail in this city. There are ten prisoners confined in the jail at present, and among the number some rough characters. To-day, when the sheriff carried dinner to the inmates, he noticed that on man's fingers were sore, as if from handling rough material. Another had brick-dust on his clothes, and a blanket hung suspici ously upon the wall. The officer's suspicions were aroused, and an investigation revealed the fact that a hole had been made through the wall of the building by removing the bricks, and all that remained between the prisoners and freedom was one laver of brick on the outside of the wall. They were planning to escape to-night.

Holiness Camp-Meeting. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NEW ALBANY, Aug. 30.-The second day of the Holiness camp-meeting, on Silver Heights, was a pleasant one. Last evening Miss Leonard preached a sermon which left a marked impression upon her congregation. This morning's service, consisting of songs and prayer, was led by Rev. John Thompson, of Philadelphia. Great interest is being manifested in the work, and much good is expected to be accomplished during the meeting. The afternoon service was conducted by Rev. Thompson, and to-night Miss Leonard again delivered a sermon. Rev. Sheridan and sister Laura, of Indianapolis, have arrived, and Revs. Smith and Pepper are expected to-morrow.

Horribly Mangled by a Train.

Special to the Indianapolts Journal FRANKFORT, Aug. 30 .- Egbert Lee, assistant agent of the Lake Erie road at this point, met with a horrible death here this evening. In boarding the west-bound passenger train to ride down in the yards, his hold on the railing loosened, and he was thrown under the train. The wheels of the hind car passed over his head and shoulders, severing the head from the body. Mr. Lee was a member of the class of '89 of Frankfort High-school, and a model young

Fatally Kicked While Milking a Cow.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MIDDLETOWN, Aug. 30.-Mrs. D. L. Bouslog, aged thirty-five years, was killed at her home, six miles east of this place, yesterday evening. She had gone to the barnlot, with her two small children, to milk the cows. She had just begun milking when the cow kicked her, striking her under the chin, with sufficient force to break her neck, and she died in the presence of her two little children before older persons could be summoned.

Cadet for West Point.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal MARION, Aug. 30 .- A competitive examination was held at Bluffton, to-day, to select a West Point cadet from this, the Tenth, district. Ralph Stogsdall, of this city, secured the highest grade, and will be awarded the appointment. There were twelve contestants for the prize.

Insurance Policies Stolen.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Aug. 30.-The room at the Commercial Hotel in this city, occupied by the late Reuben Trigg, the Jeffersonville. cluded the fastest trip on record from the Needles to Sandy Hook, her time being 6 days, 18 hours and 20 minutes. This beats her previous record, the best, of 6 days, 21 hours and 28 minutes.

Madison & Indianapolis railroad brakeman, who was President Stevenson and the colored engineer were seriously injured.

Stevenson and the colored engineer were chaser. There was no other bid. It is best of clothes belonging to the department of the Navy Whitney is at the head. Madison & Indianapolis railroad brakeman.

life insurance policies to the amount of \$9,000. There is no clew to the perpetrator of the theft. The parents of the young man arrived here this morning to make a thorough search for the missing papers.

Hartsville College Sued.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Aug. 30.—The Union Biblical Seminary, of Cleveland, O., to-day entered suit in the Bartholomew county Circuit Court against the Hartsville College, of Hartsville, this county, for \$4,000, which sum is demanded on note and mortgage. The payment of the claim will not greatly injure the financial condition of the col-

Hamilton County Fair.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal Noblesville, Aug. 30.—The most successful fair ever held in Hamilton county closed to-day, the final game of ball in the championship series resulted. Noblesville, 29;

Fatal Fall of an Aeronaut.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KNIGHTSTOWN, Aug. 30.-Prof. Smith, who fell from the trapeze while making a balloon ascension here yesterday, was seriously, if not fatally, injured. His nose and one wrist were broken, besides internal injuries.

Minor Notes. Fifty cases of typhoid fever are reported in Corydon and vicinity. The Unitarians of LaPorte have called Rev. Miss Tuttle to their pulpit.

Franklin Linke fell dead of apoplexy while feeding a threshing-machine, near Elkhart. Dr. Joseph Richardson, a well-known

dentist and member of the Terre Haute school board, died yesterday. William Kilander, of Wabash, died Wednesday night from the effects of a carbuncle. He was seventy years old.

Prof. George W. Sanderson, of Nashua, N. H., has accepted the chair of rhetoric in the Indiana University, at Bloomington. Otis Williams, a young man of Spencer, blew into a shotgun to see if it was loaded. It was, and the load tore his cheek away. Henry Wildbacker and his team fell into a hidden cave while plowing, in Harrison county, and were rescued with difficulty.

Francis Murphy and sons will begin gospel temperance work at the rink, in Martinsville, Sunday, Sept. 8, continuing eight The reunion of the Mitchell family was

held yesterday on the fair grounds near Salem. There was a large attendance from

A lamb-killing snake, alleged to be seventeen feet long and eleven inches in diameter is reported to have been killed near George Reese, one of the oldest settlers in

Floyd county, died at his home near Galena, on Thursday, at the age of eighty-two George W. Hatfield, for many years a prominent business man of Knightstown, died at his old home near Cleveland, last

evening, at 6 o'clock. Jennie Jessup, aged twenty, has been sent from LaPorte to the Logansport Insane Asylum, having been rendered insane by a broken marriage engagement.

Miss Nannie Norman has brought the suit st Bloomington, threatened some time ago, against the men who paid her father a White Cap visit. She asks \$5,000 damages. The Catholic Knights of America will, on Sept. 5 and 6, give a harvest home celebra-tion on the fair grounds of Peru. Speeches will be delivered by several distinguished

James Schultz has sued E. A. Bateman, Aclow Ader and James Brock, at Green-castle, for \$5,000 for false imprisonment. They had him arrested on a charge of petit

The congregation of Centenary M. E. Church, of New Albany, will petition the General Conference, which meets at Rockport in October, to return their present minister, Rev. J. E. Steele.

At Lakeville Peter Hathaway returned home drunk, and compelled his wife to get up from her sick bed and cook supper for himself and a boon companion. She did so and shortly afterward fell dead. Yesterday morning, while James Pauley

was walling up a well near Liberty, a stone

weighing about twenty pounds fell upon him from the top, fracturing the bones of his shoulder. The stone barely missed his Warden Patten, of the Prison South, has just added 500 new books to the convicts' library. It now contains 2,500 volumes,

consisting of prose, fiction and historical works, and is one of the finest libraries in southern Indiana. The Floyd county Sunday-school Asso-ciation will hold a convention at Normal Institute, in New Albany, Sunday and Monday, Sept. 22 and 23. The Rev. J. E. Gilbert, of Indianapolis, State superin-

tendent, will conduct the exercises. William A. Vandyke, a lawyer from Georgetown, O., who located in Hartford City, last spring, died at Dunkirk, ten miles east of there, yesterday afternoon, of typhoid fever, aged twenty-six. His body will be taken to his old home at George-

The appointment of John R. Bonnell as postmaster at Crawfordsville meets the approval of the citizens, irrespective of party. While he is an active Republican partisan, he has retained the respect and confidence of the Democrats. James H. Cook, an old soldier, has been selected as his first assist-

Artesian water, similar to that at Martinsville, though weaker, has been struck at Spencer. The water rose some three hundred feet in the well, but it is believed that another hundred feet will develop a strong overflow. Many of the shareholders prefer artesian water to either oil or gas. and are sanguine that they will get it.

The thirtieth annual district fair of Fountain, Warren and Vermillion counties commences at Covington on Sept. 16. Several thousand dollars have been expended in making a new racing track, amphitheater and other buildings, as well as improving the grounds generally, and the adding of a great many new box-stalls. The premium list has been greatly improved over former years, there being a general increase of premiums on races and stock in general.

# ILLINOIS.

Opening, at Bement, of the Central State Temperance Camp-Meeting.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal MONTICELLO, Aug. 30. - The Central Illinois temperance camp-meeting opened to-day at Bement, this county. It is conducted by Rev. E. H. Baker, of London, England, and Revs. T. J. Crowder and S. M. Kennedy, of Illinois. On Wednesday the services will be under the supervision of Rev. Coultas, of Danville, Ill. This will be styled G. A. R. day. The Bands of Hope, W. C. T. U. and the Christian Endeavor societies will each have a day for special services. The meeting is held in Collins's Grove, under a great pavilion.

Honoring the Founder of the Pythians. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BLOOMINGTON, Aug. 30.—The founder of the order of Knights of Pythias, Justus Henry Rathbone, of Washington, D. C., visited this city to-day, and his coming was made memorable by a picnic at Miller Park by the Pythian brotherhood and their friends. Mr. Rathbone was escorted from the hotel to the park by Custer Division, Uniform Rank, and De Molay Band.

Brief Mention.

Henry Knippenberg, aged twenty, was killed by a threshing machine near Beardstown, on Wednesday. At Olney, on Thursday, A. J. McIntosh, of Alendale, Wabash county, was held in

\$200 bail for selling liquor without a license. He sold rock and rye. The old settlers of Macon county held a reunion at Decatur on Thursday. Abraham Eyman, aged eighty-six, the second oldest native Illinoisan, was present.

James Burnett, clerk of Garrett township, was seriously if not fatally scalded by the explosion of a boiler attached to a threshing machine near Atwood on Thurs-

By the explosion of a boiler in a saw-mill near Murphysboro, on Thursday, William Gallihur was killed and Samuel Stevenson and the colored engineer were

her, and literally torn to pieces. The hogs were with great difficulty driven from their prey when discovered.

At the meeting of the Academy of Home-opathy, held at Rock Island, on Thursday, Dr. C. J. Burger, of Booneville, Mo., was elected president, and Dr. C. E. Larning, of

Chicago, vice-president.

The Hon. N. W. Edwards is dying at his home, in Springfield, in his eightieth year. He is a son of the first Territorial Governor of Illinois, and was for many years himself conspicuous in the politics of the State.

The ceremony of killing the fatted calf for the prodigal son will be the closing feature of the colored Christian Evangelical camp-meeting, now in session at Virginia. The event will take place next Saturday.

Rev. T. G. Morse, of Havover, Ind., has forwarded his acceptance of the call to the pastorate of the South Presbyterian Church, in Galena, to succeed Rev. Dr. A. C. Smith, who has accepted the presidency of a college at Preston, la.

The President has appointed the following-named postmasters in Illinois: Smith D. Atkins, at Freeport, vice John F. Smith, removed; W. H. Norton, at Earlville, vice B. G. Barrett, resigned; Cad Allard, at Beardstown, vice A. E. Komenerer, removed; Arthur J. Driver, at Sycamore, vice Frank H. Smith, removed; Edward J. Krampff, at Havana vice Samuel A. Mur-Krampff, at Havana, vice Samuel A. Murdock, removed: Clarence A. Murray, at Waukegan, vice James Moran, jr., resigned.

## THE BRAZIL STRIKE.

President Porter's Offer Not Kindly Received-A Triangular Fight.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal BRAZIL, Ind., Aug. 30.—The miners do not take kindly to the offer of President Porter, of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad, of free transportation to a committee of miners to investigate the condition of the coal market. Some of the leaders are out in replies through the local papers. The language is not always the mildest. One refers to "Porter and his compeers of tyranny," who with "dastardly intent, \* \* \* gloated for months over the opportunity with satisfaction, when the miners and their innocent children would fall victims to their unholy greed. \* \* \* They stand convicted of the attempt to coerce Governor Hovey to silence, to prejudice public opinion, and to-day they have these spies and cut-throats abroad persuading the people from sending relief to starying women and children," etc. Another is more moderate, and insists that in a friendly arbitration all that could be learned at Chicago, and more, could be ascertained in Brazil. Mr. Porter spoke for the railroad and the differences between the operators and the miners. But the road, of course, has lost heavily, and would like to see the strike end. Hence the offer, coming from a third party. It is the privilege of the miners not to accept. Besides, they would find that in respect to the special uses to which block coal has been put, the operators' claim in regard to cheap substitutes is true. The fight is triangular-miner with

miner, operator with operator, railroad with railroad. The miners have betrayed a remarkable consideration for their competitors, for whose sake they are yet holding out. The Indiana operators are suffering from the worst cut-throat competition in the history of the coal trade. Their competitors are not operators alone, but the miners employed by them, since both profit by the strike. A feature in this op-position, also, is lake transportation as against rail, to which must be added necessity that has compelled Ohio and Pennsylvania operators and miners to find new markets. As to railroads, if there is to be a different rate estabished the railroads alone must establish it. The operators cannot. The Chicago & Eastern Illinois, through its Chicago & Indiana Coal division, charges \$1 per ton from Bra-zil, against 65 cents from Coxville, fourteen miles closer to Chicago. Ten cents of this goes to the Vandalia for switching, leaving but 90 cents, or 12 cent per mile. It is claimed a reduction in freight rates should be made by this road from Brazil. Said reduction would enable the operators to pay the miners that much more, it is urged. But the railroad company evidently cannot make a reduction. They have borne their heavy losses of the past four months without a murmur. If they could have ended the strike by a 10 or 15-cent reduction it is the strike by a 10 or 15-cent reduction it is reasonable to suppose they would have done

so sooner. Man wants confidence in man. This is a trouble here. Again, blatant political demagoguism is another trouble. Arraying labor against capital, and preaching up the hanging of the Carnegies; it is a men-ace to the perpetuity of the Republic, al-though the guise that hides its deformity is worn exceedingly thin. There will be an awakening some day, when the deceived miners here will find out that their real enemies have been the agitators that have instigated and prolonged the strike.

Terrible Sufferings of Illinois Miners. CHICAGO, Aug. 30.-The Rev. J. O. S. Huntington, O. H. C. arrived in this city this morning, en route from the Illinois mining district to his home in New York, and was subjected to an interview.

"The situation in the mining regions," said he, "is unspeakably distressing. Hunger and disease are abroad, and death is desolating the homes of the hopeless victims of this unnatural struggle. It would be hard to exaggerate the horrors which I have witnessed during my week's trip through the coal region. It is bad enough everywhere I went, but it is worse at Spring Valley than elsewhere. But even there the poverty-stricken inhabitants are not like the poor I am used to seeing in New York. There is no whining; the people show intelligence and pride; even hunger has not debased their feelings, as one might expect.

"I am used to scenes of want, but what I saw at Spring Valley was different. It was more pitiful than anything I ever witnessed before. I went among the cottages. They are nice, and are surrounded by pretty lawns and gardens, but the awful poverty within was shocking. Women told me that they had not so much as a piece of soap with which to clean their children's clothing, and their stoves were rusting for want of a little polish. Sickness is increasing, and the doctors told me the people were so enfeebled by long privation and anxiety an epidemic might break out at any mo-

"Business is utterly dead. Merchants are giving their goods away. The people go to the drug stores for medicines and the druggists supply them, as far as may be, but take no account of the purchases on their books. Despair is written everywhere, but there is determination also in the faces of the hungry men, and they will not yield."

Illinois Miners' Convention. STREATOR, Ill., Aug. 30.-The convention adjourned this afternoon to again meet with the operators, at Joliet, next Monday. The recommendations of the Business Mens' Association for 7212 cents per ton, and semi-monthly payments were adopted. It now remains to be seen whether the operators will make the concession regarding

pay-days. Fever Blister Causes a Child's Death. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 30.—An infant nine months old, the son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Pence, of this city, died a few days ago from the effects of a fever blister on the lip, the first of the kind on record. About three weeks ago the blister appeared on the lip of the child, then a strong, healthy infant. After a few days the blister broke and commenced bleeding. It bled a long time, and a doctor was sum-moned. He applied the usual remedy and the bleeding stopped for a while, but in a day or two it commenced again. The child continued to bleed at intervals, growing worse every time. Doctors were called in, and still others came out of curiosity to see so remarkable a case. Everything known to medical science was done to stop the bleeding, but it continued until to-day, when the child died. The infant had grown very weak, and it died from loss of blood. The case has greatly puzzled the doctors of the city.

Sharp's Road Sold to Dan Lamo New York. Aug. 30.—At neon, to-day, the franchise, tracks, etc., of the Broadway surface railroad were sold at auction at the Real Estate Exchange for \$25,000,000. Col. Dan Lamont, who was President

SURPRISED THE "SUSPECTS"

State's Attorney Longenecker Proceeds at Once with the Cronin Trial.

He Is Confident of Conviction-The Work of Getting a Jury Begun-Seeking the Tin Box-Cooney Said to Be in Milwaukee.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30 .- There was no diminution in the number of eager spectators that thronged Judge McConnell's room at the Cronin trial this morning. A half hour before the opening of the court every available seat in the vast chamber was taken. and hundreds of spectators were deried admittance by the bailiff at the foot of the stairs. There was a confidence on the part of the attorneys for the defense that the State would make a confession of weakness in a fight for delay, but in this they were sadly disappointed by the promptness with which State's Attorney Longenecker aunounced his readiness to proceed with the prosecution of the case.

As soon as the court opened the attorney for O'Sullivan and Kunze filed a motion for an immediate trial. The State's attorney turned to all the lawyers for the defense and asked: "Do I understand you to say, gentlemen, that you are all ready?"

The answer was yes, and then, rather unexpectedly, the State's attorney announced that the State was ready to proceed at once, and asked the court to appoint Luther Laffin Mills, George C. Inham and W. J. Hynes to assist the State in the prosecution, and that the record show that it was upon his request that these gentlemen were designated by the court. The defense objected to this last request, and insisted that the record show that these lawyers had been retained by private parties to assist the State's attorney. But the court said that at the latter's request he would recognize the gentlemen named as his assistants in the trial. A special venire for fifty jurors was ordered to be at once issued, returnable at 2 o'clock, to which time a recess

When the afternoon session was resumed it was stated that only half of the fifty talesmen provided for in the special venire had been secured. The defense waived any technical objection which might arise on that ground. Then lawyer Donahue, on behalf of his clients, O'Sullivan and Kunze, objected to the appearance of attorneys Hynes, Miller and Ingham as assistants to the State's attorney in the prosecution, on the ground that they had been employed by private persons, and on the further ground that Mr. Hynes had a personal animosity against O'Sullivan. Lawyer Forrest, on behalf of Coughlin, and Senator Kennedy, on behalf of Burke, made similar objections. The motion was overruled, and the questioning of the talesmen as to their competency to serve as jurors

The first man questioned was Mr. A. G. Barger. The drift of the questioning was to acertain whether Mr. Barger had ever belonged to any secret organization, nota-bly the Clan-na-Gael; whether he knew any of the defendants, or had any prejudice for or against them, and whether he had formed an opinion on the case or not. Mr. Barger's answers were all in the negative, and he was accepted by the State.

Three other talesmen were passed by the State before adjournment—E. S. Lilibridge, W. S. Bigley and A. W. Roth. During the afternoon Hon. David Dudley Field, expresident of the American Bar Association, entered the court-room and was escorted by the sheriff to the judges' bench. The ven-erable jurist remained for some time and took a lively interest in the proceedings.

Searching for the Tin Box.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.-When asked to-day if he received the tin box which is supposed to contain Dr. Cronin's clothes, Chief of Police Hubbard said: "Did you ever play hide-and-go-seek? Well, if you have, you'll know that we just about stand in the position of the one who 'blinds' and finds out where one person is hiding, and some one knowing that the 'blinder' is aware of the hiding place, goes and tells the hidden individual that his position is known, and that person finds another hiding place. Can't you see?" The inference is that the police once knew the hiding place of the box; that this fact was discovered and that the box was removed just as the police were about to pounce on it. The chief hinted that the trail was not entirely lost.

Is "The Fox" in Milwaukee? CHICAGO, Aug. 30 .- An afternoon paper gives publication to a rumor to the effect that Cooney "the fox," who is under indictment with the other Cronin suspects, is in Milwaukee, and that he will be produced at the trial when wanted. The authorities here decline to say anything on the subject.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 29.—Shortly after 1 o'clock this morning the yard watchman of the Louisville, St. Louis & Texas railroad, at Henderson, Ky., discovered the roof of the machine shops to be on fire. The machine shops was a frame building. erected several years ago at a cost of \$3,000, and contained machinery valued at \$12,000, and work under construction valued at \$4,000, all of which was totally destroyed

No insurance. CHEBOYGAN, Mich., Aug. 30.—Smith & Daly's saw-mill, two miles up shore, burned yesterday. Loss, about \$20,000; partially insured. About one hundred men were thrown out of employment.

WEEPING WATER, Neb., Aug. 30.—Sackett & Gates's hardware store, Chase's furniture store and Alexander's dry goods store burned yesterday. Loss, \$30,000; insurance,

Jackson, N. H., Aug. 30.—Abbott's saw-mill was burned Wednesday night with machinery and seven hundred bushels of grain. Loss, \$30,000; insurance, \$3,000.

OBITUARY. Col. R. N. Hudson, a Well-Known Indiana Journalist, Soldier and Politician. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 30 .- Col. R. N. Hndson died to-day, in his seventieth year, after four weeks' illness from chronic Colonel Hudson was born at Brookville, Ind., and came to Terre Haute in 1840, entering Asbury University soon afterward. and graduating in 1844. He was elected to

the Legislature in 1849, and again in 1853. From 1856 to the end of the Lincoln campaign he conducted the Express. He was appointed financial agent of the State at New York, and resigned that position to enter the war as a member of General Fremont's staff in Missouri, and was afterward in the Mountain Department. He returned home and organized the One-hundred-and-thirty-third Infantry, of which he was colonel. Returning to Terre Haute, he started the Gazette, and advocated liberal Republicanism. He attended the Cincinnati convention which nominated Greely. Shortly after he sold the Gazette and purchased the Journal, which he conducted until 1873. He leaves a wife and five chil-

Joseph G. Lemon. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RICHMOND, Ind., Aug. 30.-Joseph G. Lemon died of heart disease early this morning. He was adjutant of the Thirtysixth Indiana Regiment, in which he enlisted as a private. Subsequent to the war he was treasurer of the county, and of later years president of the Richmond City mill-works. The funeral will be held at Grace M. E. Church, Sunday afternoon.

Rev. Charles Wingate. HAVERHILL, Mass., Aug. 30 .- Rev. Charles Wingate, pastor of the Church of St. John the Evangelist, died this morning. He was



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical that the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight alum of the contract of the c phospate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y.

G. Whittier, in Old Haverhill Academy, in 1827. He leaves a widow.

W. H. Grainger. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 30 .- W. H. Grainger, one of the oldest and wealthiest citizens of Louisville, died yesterday afternoon, after a three weeks' illness, of pneu-monia. He was eighty-two years of age, and operated one of the largest foundries in the South since 1832, up to a few months

Movements of Steamers.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30 .- Arrived: Manitoba, from Hamburg; Minnesota, from GLASGOW, Aug. 30.—Arrived: Scandi-navian, from Boston; California, from New

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.-Arrived: Wieland and Columbia, from Hamburg.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 80.—Arrived: Thing-valla, from New York. LONDON, Aug. 30.—Sighted: Roman, from

A PRIVATE SOLDIER'S LIFE.

Army Officers Say They Are Well Fed and Never Abused. Members of the regular United States arny stationed in this city find considerable fault with the utterances of a reporter of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, who enlisted in the army at Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, and, it is alleged, found a horrible state of affairs. According to his report the "recruits are treated like degs," and "brut-

al sergeants deem no cruelty too severe.' The army officers in Philadelphia declare that there can be absolutely no truth in the One of the men best acquainted with the condition of a private soldier in the West s Lieutenant Dodd, of the cavalry recruiting station in this city. Lieutenant Dodd is a member of the Third Regiment of cavalry, and has served thirteen years in the regular army. When asked about the truth

of the Post-Dispatch reporter's statement, and the actual condition of a soldier at the present time, he said: "The whole story is a fabrication. It is one of those sensational stories some newspapers delight in, and to any one who knows anything about the regulations of the United States army, it sounds ridiculous. No officers are allowed to string men by their wrists or flog their subordina-tes. Corporal punishment was done away with soon after the close of the war. Sergeants are not allowed to inflict any arbitrary punishment on privates, and are not even able to put a man in the guard-house until a commissioned officer has made an inquiry into his alleged offense and has made a careful investigation as to the truth of the charge against him. A non-commissioned officer's testimony has no more weight with a commissioned officer than a private's. The credence given to the contrary statements of a sergeant and a private depends altogether upon the

character of the two men. "The officers of a regiment are held more strictly accountable for their actions than the men, and were they to permit such a state of affairs to exist as the reporter charges they would be court-martialed at once. During my thirteen years of actual service I have never known of a case of such gross abuse of authority as is charged. No officer is allowed to strike a man. It would be absolutely impossible for officers to allow such treatment of their men, even if they were disposed to do so. As to the condition of the guard-house, I don't know much about it. Those accommodations are not supposed to be palatial, and it is a man's own fault if he has to spend a night

"As to the charges of poor sleeping ac-commodations, the beds and bedding in use in the army are the very best that can be had, and much better than officers had tell "To prove the absurdity of the charge of poor food," continued the Lieutenant, "it

is only necessary for a man to take a meal in the mess of private soldiers. The quantity of meat furnished is more than the men require and a part of it is generally sold and fresh vegetables bought with the money obtained. Good, plain, substantial food, no delicacies, however, constitute the soldier's daily fare. "The reporter says he saw vermin. I can't think where they were unless he brought them into the barracks himself.

The men are obliged to keep themselves

and their clothing, bedding and quarters

clean, and are given plenty of soap to do it

with. A daily inspection is made of the quarters, and any uncleanliness is the cause of punishment of the unclean man who caused it. "Our officers might treat us better, but they don't treat us as bad as that reporter says," said a corporal of Company B, Seventh Infantry, who is stationed at the local infantry recruiting station. "They swear at us a little, especially the sergeants, but they are not allowed to beat the men. No fault can be found with the food or beds. We get no dainties, but we get plenty of good, substantial grub. Some sergeants are rough on the men, but they don't let the officers know about it. The army is getting better every day, and the men are treated much better than they were ten years ago. I think that reporter

easily get redress.'

is stretching his yarn. If corporal punishment were inflicted on a man he could

Pennsylvania Prohibitionists. The Pennsylvania Prohibitionists held their convention to-day. Not many weeks ago the State overwhelmingly declared for the existing system of high license; the majority against the prohibitory amendment was nearly 200,000 votes. But the Prohibitionist is unique as a politician, and as a human being in that he rarely profits by experience. To-day he appears again in Pennsylvania, like a peddler offering the same old wilted watermelon to the man who yesterday declined in most unmistak-able language the unwholesome fruit, and

kicked the vender down stairs.

If Pennsylvania were a doubtful State we could readily understand the determi-nation of the Prohibitionists to remain in politics. Like Neal Dow or John P. St. John, he would be anxious to "smash the Republican party." But the 80,000 majority that Blaine and Harrison received in the Key-stone State renders such a supposition

The only explanation of the Pennsylvania Prohibitionist's existence in practical politics is that he is a peculiar kind of a fel-low, exhibiting in the highest perfection the impracticability that usually characterizes the man of one idea in politics or any other branch of human activity.

The Monument.

When a State soldiers' monument in Indiana was first talked of it was contem-plated only as in honor of "our comrades who fell." To this idea solely the first \$1,-000 was given. To this idea, solely, the Grand Army took up the work. Not that they were selfish, not that others should not have honor, but to memorialize the one grand civil war of the country. No born in Haverhill, in 1815. He was a son of Hon. Moses Wingate, who died at the age of 101 years. He was a schoolmate of John appropriation so munificent. other idea was ever mentioned or thought of. No other idea could have induced an